

The Honorable President Donald J. Trump  
President of the United States  
1600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW  
Washington, DC 20500

The Honorable Marco Rubio  
Secretary of State  
U.S. State Department  
2201 C Street NW  
Washington, DC 20037

Mr. Massad Boulos  
Senior Advisor for Arab and African Affairs  
U.S. State Department  
2201 C Street NW  
Washington, DC 20037

April 15, 2026

Dear President Trump, Secretary Rubio, and Senior Advisor Boulos,

As we mark the third anniversary of the war in Sudan today, we, the undersigned organizations, write to urge decisive U.S. leadership to bring an immediate end to this devastating conflict.

Over the past year, it has become clear that the war continues to escalate, and civilians are continuing to pay the consequences. In October 2025, following years of international warnings, the Rapid Support Forces (RSF) captured El Fasher following an 18-month siege, killing [at least 6,000 people](#) in only 3 days, and further displacing hundreds of thousands. The United Nations Independent International Fact-Finding Mission for Sudan [assessed](#) these mass killings and related atrocities as having the “hallmarks of genocide.”

Today, as we mark three years since this conflict began, we see no signs of a slow down. Rather, the [situation is intensifying](#), expanding, and becoming more deadly for civilians across the country. In recent weeks alone, the Sudanese Armed Forces (SAF) [targeted](#) the El Daein Teaching Hospital in East Darfur, killing at least 64 people and injuring an additional 89. Both [the United Nations](#) and [the Sudan Doctors Network](#) have warned that the RSF’s advances in Kordofan could lead to a “catastrophic scenario” like what unfolded in El Fasher, and there are clear indicators of escalation in [Blue Nile](#) as well. Alarming patterns of warfare, including [drone strikes](#) on [residential areas](#), [markets](#) and [hospitals](#), are accelerating civilian harm. Systematic and targeted [sexual violence](#) against women and girls continues to be reported. The warring parties have [continued to target journalists](#) and [human rights defenders](#).

As a result of the continued fighting, Sudan faces the world’s worst [humanitarian](#), [displacement](#), and [hunger crises](#). More than [13.6 million people are displaced](#), 30 million are in need of assistance, and over 22 million are facing acute hunger as [healthcare systems collapse](#). At the same time, humanitarian access remains dangerously restricted by the warring parties. The

fallout from the ongoing war in Iran and across the Middle East [risks](#) further [exacerbating](#) and deepening Sudan's humanitarian, and chiefly, hunger crises.

Bringing about an immediate end to this war is both a humanitarian imperative and a clear U.S. national security interest. In the midst of escalating violence across the Middle East region, continued conflict in Sudan further threatens regional security, including risks of rising extremism, attacks on critical Red Sea trade routes, and further destabilization [across borders](#).

We welcome President Trump's [personal commitment](#) to end the war in Sudan in November, as well as this administration's [repeated diplomatic efforts](#) over the past year, including via the Quad, to [call](#) for a ceasefire in Sudan and to hold both the [SAF](#) and the [RSF](#), and their [external backers](#) in the region, accountable for atrocities. This anniversary presents a clear opportunity to translate these positions into decisive action. The United States remains the only international actor with sufficient leverage over the external backers of the warring parties, including the [UAE](#), [Egypt](#), and [Saudi Arabia](#), who can leverage their support for the warring parties and their diplomatic positions to bring the warring parties to the table and end this war. In addition to supporting an immediate ceasefire, the United States should also continue to back efforts to ensure that a civilian-led political negotiation and political transition is ultimately possible. As this administration has [stated](#) alongside these US partners, ending the war is a critical step to bringing about a genuine civilian-led transition in Sudan and an end to continued cycles of violence.

Signed,

Act for Sudan

Advocacy Network for Africa (AdNA)

America Friends Service Committee

Atrocities Watch Africa

Bellwether International

Center for International Policy

Committee to Protect Journalists

Darfur and Beyond

Darfur Network for Human Rights

Friends Committee on National Legislation

Human Rights First

Human Security Project

HuMENA for Human Rights and Civic Engagement

New Lines Institute for Strategy and Policy

Optimism Charity Organisation for Aid and Development

Peace and Human Dignity Organization

Refugees International

Sheffield for Sudan

Sudan Limited

Syria Justice and Accountability Center

Syrian Network for Human Rights

Syrians for Truth and Justice

The African Middle Eastern Leadership Project (AMEL)

The Episcopal Church

The Sentry

The Tahrir Institute for Middle East Policy (TIMEP)

Western Pennsylvania United Women in Faith

Women4Sudan Campaign

Youth Citizens Observers Network